

ALPHAMYLASE LT30 (AML 511)

Alphamylase LT30 is a Food Grade bacteria alpha-amylase derived from a selected non-GMO strain of Bacillus subtilis. Alphamylase LT30 is a liquefying enzyme. Its action on starch substrates produces a decrease of viscosity.



BENEFITS

Liquefies starch substrates and facilitates the use of starches with higher temperature gelatinization.

Allows use of high levels of adjuncts.

Increases level of attenuation.

Reduces the potential for starch positive worts.



DOSE RATE & APPLICATION

A typical dosage of:

1 - 2 kg/tonne of grist is to be added to the mash vessel in the brew house.



SPECIFICATIONS

PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL

PHYSICAL FORM

Liquid with a SG of 1.0-1.2

Light brown (color may vary from batch to batch)

ACTIVITY

min 1000 LAU/a

Optimum temperature is 62-67°C. Optimum pH is between pH 5.0-6..0

MICROBIOLOGICAL

< 50000/gTOTAL VIABLE COUNT

< 30/gCOLIFORMS

absent/25g STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS

ANAEROBIC SULPHATE REDUCERS

SALMONELLA SP.

absent/1g

ANTIBACTERIAL ACTIVITY

negative by test

absent/25g

MYCOTOXINS

negative by test

HEAVY METALS

 $< 3 \,\mathrm{mg/kg}$ ARSENIC

< 5 mg/kgLEAD

 $< 0.5 \,\mathrm{mg/kg}$ MERCURY

< 0.5 mg/kg CADMIUM







ABV ALPHAMYLASE LT30 (AML 511)



PACKAGING & STORAGE

Alphamylase LT30 is available in 25 kg or 1000 kg containers and should be stored in a dry cool area (max 10C) and should not be exposed to direct sunlight. Under these storage conditions the product is stable for up to 12 months.



SAFETY & HANDLING

Avoid unnecessary contact with enzyme preparation during handling. In case of spillage rinse with water. Additional information can be found in the Material Safety Data Sheet.



CONFORMITY TO STANDARDS

Alphamylase LT30 conforms to the specifications laid down by the joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives (JECFA) and the Food Chemicals Codex (FCC).



ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Calcium Ions enhance stability of Alphamylase LT30.

When the hardness of water is greater than 20dH (80mg/l Ca++), the addition of calcium ions is not necessary. Consequently EDTA or other calcium chelating agents can reduce the activity of the enzyme.

CONTACT US

For more information, please visit us online at **www.lallemandbrewing.com**

For any questions, you can also reach us via email at abvickers@lallemand.com

